Structure types

Anion arrangement	Interstitial sites			
	T ₊	T_	0	Examples
сср	_	_	1	NaCl, rock salt
	1	_	_	ZnS, blende or sphalerite
	1 8	1 8	1 2	MgAl ₂ O ₄ , spinel
	_	-	1/2	CdCl ₂
	1	1	3	CrCl ₃ K ₂ O, antifluorite
hcp	-		1	NiAs
	1	_	_	ZnS, wurtzite
	-	_	1 2	CdI ₂
	_	_	1 2	TiO2, rutile*
	_	_	2/3	Al ₂ O ₃ , corundum
	1 8	1 8	1/2	Mg ₂ SiO ₄ , olivine
ccp 'BaO3' layers	_	_	1	BaTiO3, perovskite

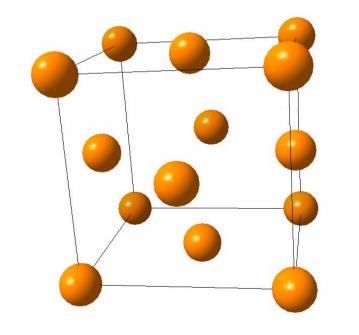
^{*} The hcp oxide layers in rutile are not planar but are buckled; the oxide ion arrangement may alternatively be described as tetragonal packed (tp).

Cu
NaCl
ZnS (bl.)
MgAl₂O₄
CdCl₂ / Cs₂O
CrCl₃
K₂O / CaF₂
C (diamond)
SrTiO₃
ReO₃
CsCl
Fe (bcc)

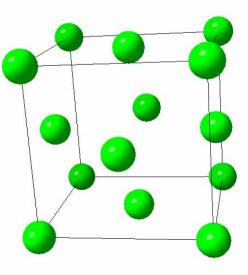
Mg
NiAs
ZnS (wu.)
Cdl₂
C (graphite)
TiO₂
Al₂O₃

 MoS_2 AlB_2

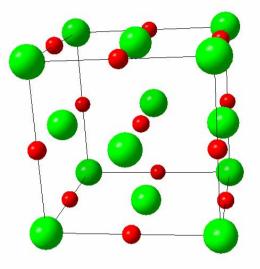
Cu



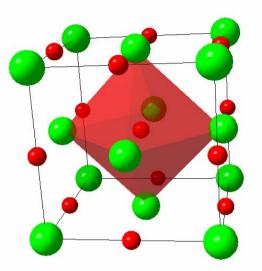
NaCl



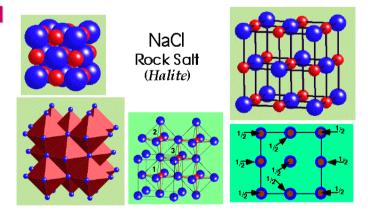
NaCl



NaCl



NaCl



CCP CI- with Na+ in all Octahedral holes

Lattice: fcc

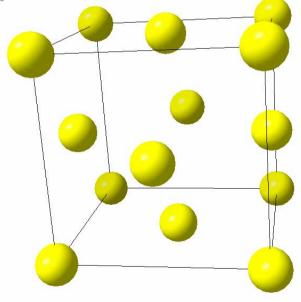
Motif: Cl at (0,0,0); Na at (1/2,0,0)

4NaCl in unit cell

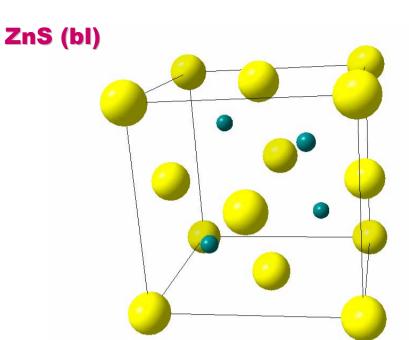
Coordination: 6:6 (octahedral)

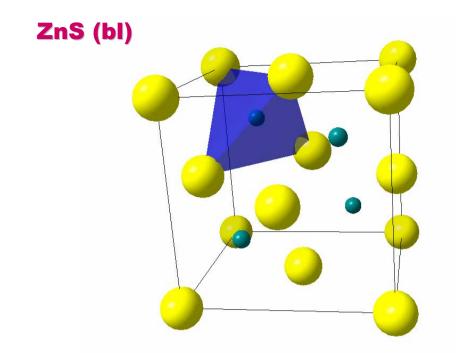
Cation and anion sites are topologically identical



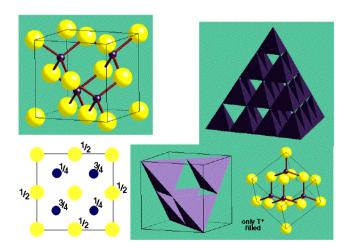








ZnS (bl)



CCP S²⁻ with Zn²⁺ in half Tetrahedral holes (only T+ {or T-} filled)

Lattice: fcc 4ZnS in unit cell

Motif: S at (0,0,0); Zn at (1/4,1/4,1/4) Coordination: 4:4 (tetrahedral)

Cation and anion sites are topologically identical

ZnS

Structural polymorphs:

Zink blende Wurstitt

Stable at normal P,T

Stable at T > 1020 °C at P = 1 atm

Metastable at RT, but transforms by crushing

Thermodinamics Kinetics

Zink blende

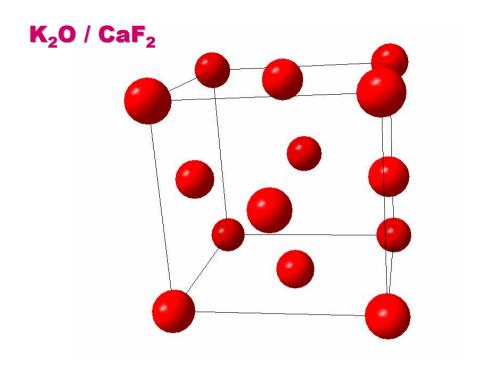
сср

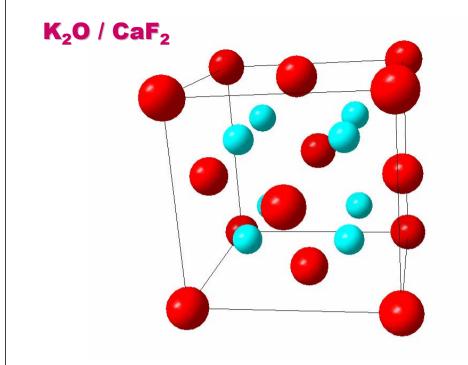
½ tetraedra holes filled

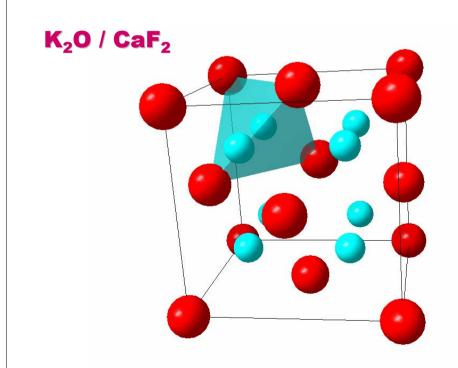
Wurstitt

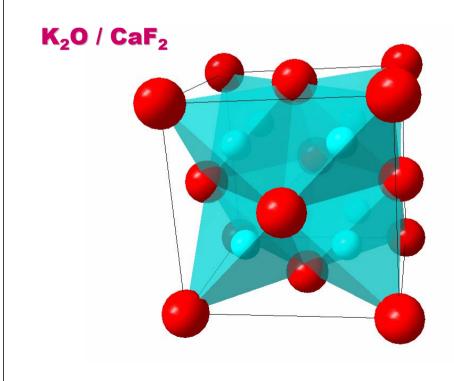
hcp

½ tetraedra holes filled

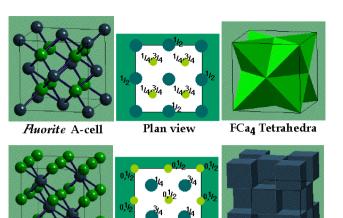








CaF₂



Fluorite B-cell

Plan view

CaF₈ Cubes

CCP Ca2+ with F- in all Tetrahedral holes

Lattice: fcc

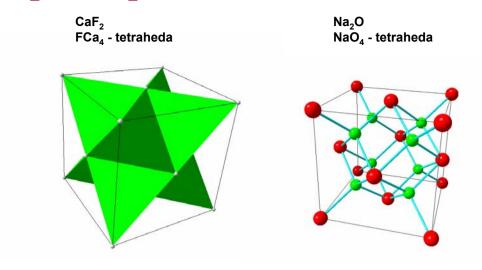
Motif: Ca2+ at (0,0,0); 2F- at (1/4,1/4,1/4) & (3/4,3/4,3/4)

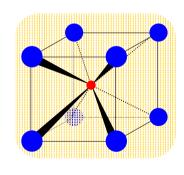
4CaF2 in unit cell

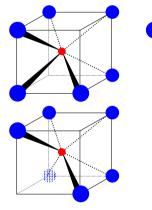
Coordination: Ca2+ 8 (cubic): F- 4 (tetrahedral)

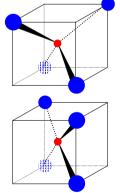
In the related Anti-Fluorite structure Cation and Anion positions are reversed

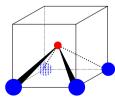
K₂O / CaF₂

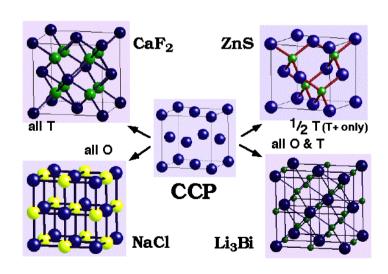




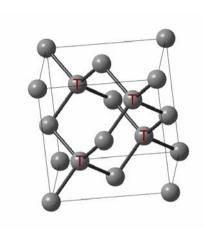






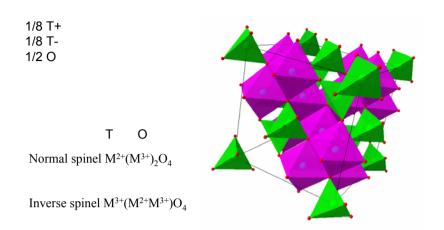


C (diamond)

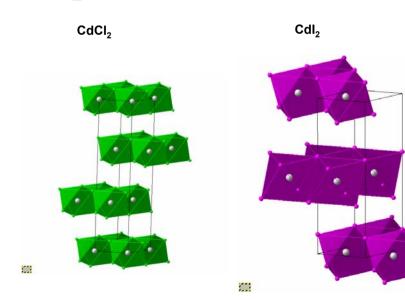


The diamond lattice is composed of two interpenetrating fcc lattices, one displaced 1/4 of a lattice constant in each direction from the other. Each site is tetrahedrally coordinated with four other sites in the other sublattice. When the two sublattices are of different atoms, then the diamond lattice becomes the zincblende or sphalerite lattice. Examples of materials with the diamond crystal structure are diamond, silicon and germanium.

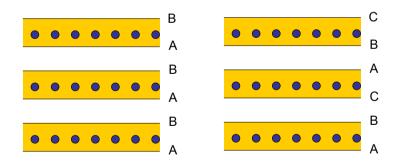
Spinel, MgAl₂O₄



CdCl₂



CdCl₂ / Cdl₂ type structures



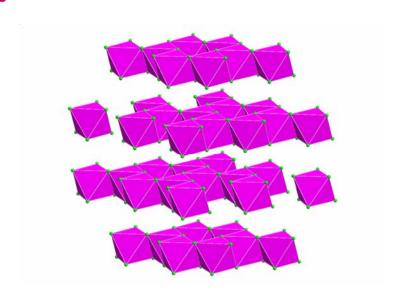
Within the layers: CdX₆-octahedra

Between the layers: only van der Waals interactions

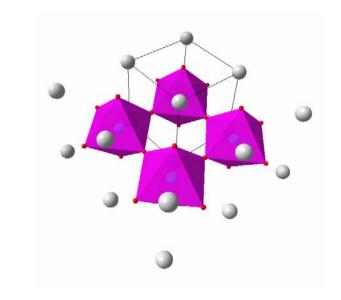
Polytypes:

in 2-dimensions -> same structure with strong bonds different repetition in the 3rd direction, can have week bonds

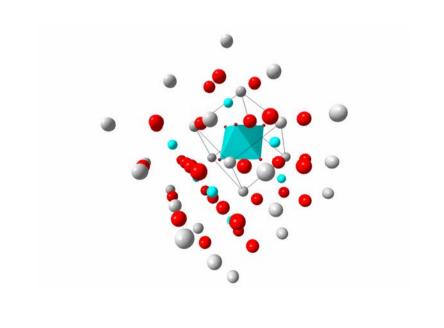
CrCl₃

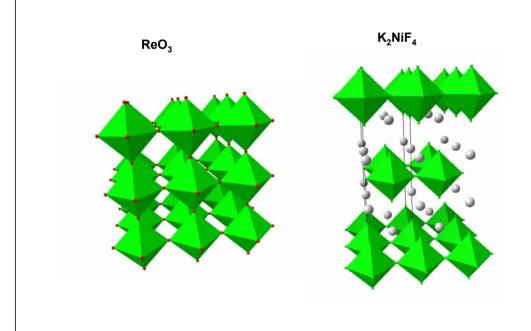


Perovskite

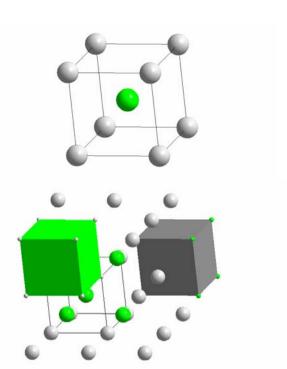


Perovskite

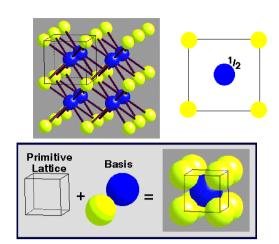




CsCl



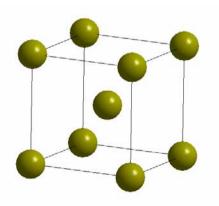
CsCl Cesium Chloride



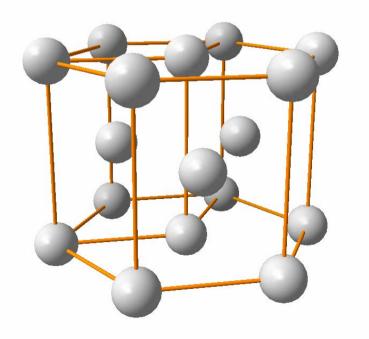
- •*Lattice*: Cubic P (N.B.**Primitive**!) •*Motif*: Cl at (0,0,0); Cs at (1/2,1/2,1/2) •**1**CsCl in unit cell

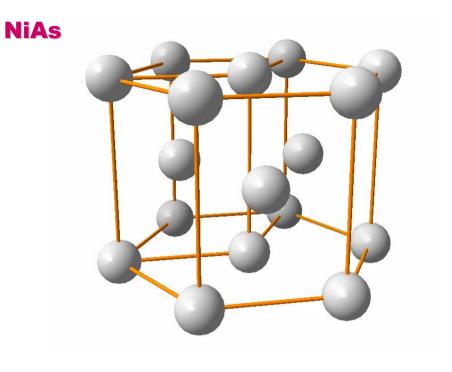
- Coordination: 8:8 (cubic)
 Adoption by chlorides, bromides and iodides of larger cations,
- e.g. Cs+, Tl+, NH₄+

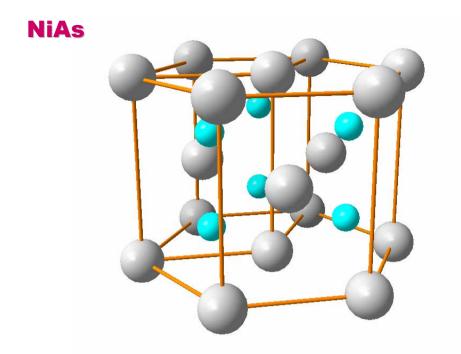
α -Fe

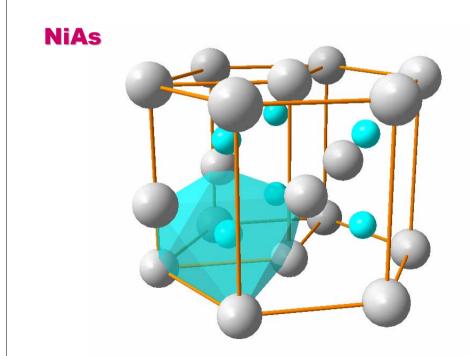


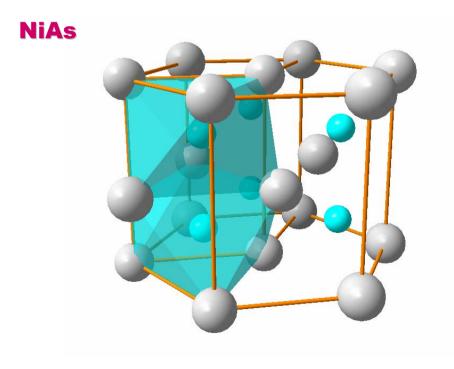
Mg



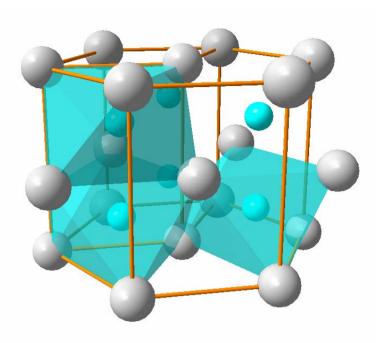








NiAs



NiAs Nickel Arsenide

HCP As with Ni in all Octahedral holes

Lattice: Hexagonal - P $a = b, c \text{ Å } \tilde{A}(8/3)a$

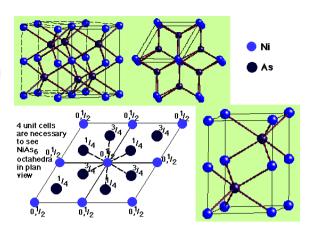
Motif: 2Ni at (0,0,0) & (0,0,1/2)

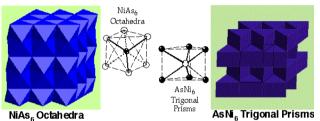
2As at (2/3,1/3,1/4) &

(1/3,2/3,3/4) 2NiAs in unit cell

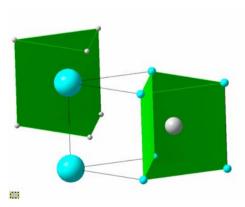
Coordination: Ni 6 (octahedral):

As 6 (trigonal prismatic)

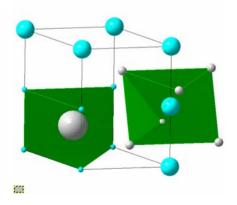




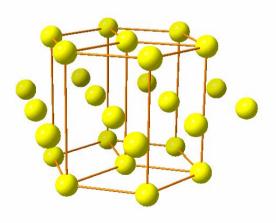




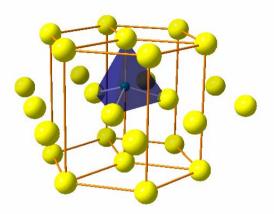
NiAs NiAs₆ octahedra AsNi₆ trigonal prismatic



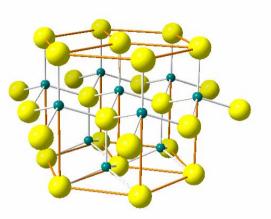
ZnS (wurtsite)



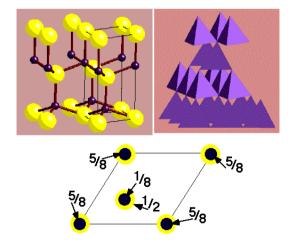
ZnS (wurtsite)



ZnS (wurtsite)



ZnS Wurtzite



HCP S2- with Zn2+ in half Tetrahedral holes (only T+ {or T-} filled)

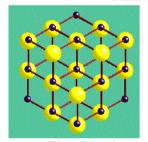
Lattice: Hexagonal - P $a = b, c \text{ Å } \tilde{A}(8/3)a$

Motif: 2S at (0,0,0) & (2/3,1/3,1/2); 2Zn at (2/3,1/3,1/8) & (0,0,5/8)

2ZnS in unit cell

Coordination: 4:4 (tetrahedral)

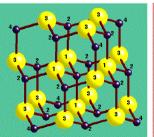
PLAN VIEWS

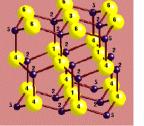


Zinc Blende CCP ABC repeat HCP AB repeat COORDINATION ENVIRONMENTS



Wurtzite





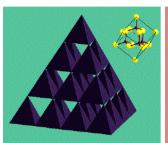
Zinc Blende

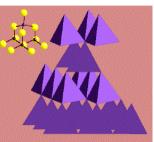
Wurtzite

4 Nearest Neighbours (Tetrahedral)
12 Next-Nearest Neighbours
hedral Anti-Cuboctahedral

Very different Next, Next-Nearest Neighbour Coordinations & beyond

POLYHEDRAL REPRESENTATIONS



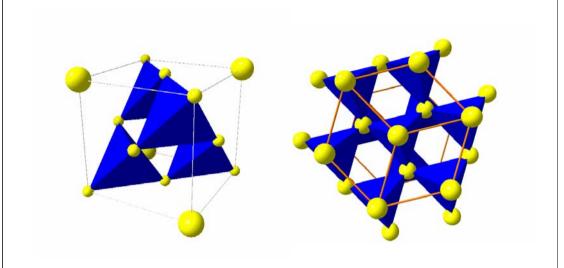


Zinc Blende

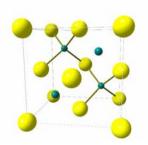
Wurtzite

Vertex-linked tetrahedra only, but layers skewed in Wurtzite, & not in Blende

Sink blende ZnS₄, SZn₄ Wurtsitt ZnS₄, SZn₄



Zink-blende



ZnS₄ –tetrahedra Diamond type structure if Zn = S Non-centrosymmetric

ZnS – würtsitt

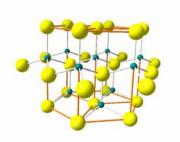
Z = 2 pr. hexagonal unit cell

Other related structures:

MX MM'X₂ M₂M'M''X₄ ZnO LiGaO₂ Li₂BeSiO₄ LiPO₄

...

Wurtsitt



ZnS₄ –tetrahedra of + type

CdCl₂ CdCl₂ Cdl_2

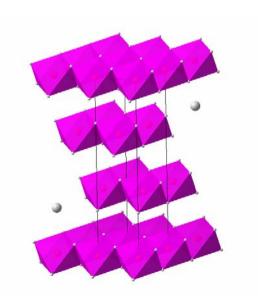
Cdl2 Cadmium Iodide Comparison Cdl₂ vs Cdl NiAs

Lattice: Hexagonal - P Motif: Cd at (0,0,0); 2I at (2/3,1/3,1/4) & (1/3,2/3,3/4)

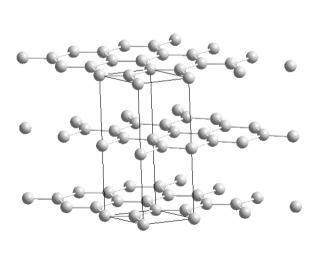
1Cdl2 in unit cell

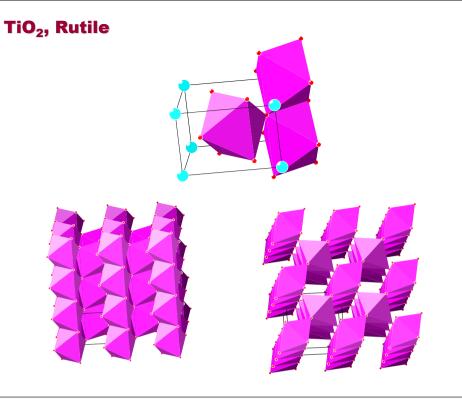
Coordination: Cd - 6 (Octahedral): I - 3 (base pyramid)

Cs₂O, anti CdCl₂

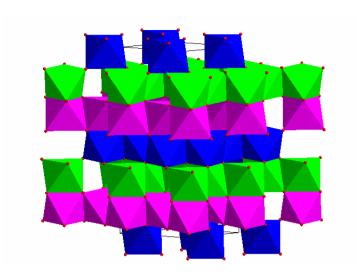


C (graphite)



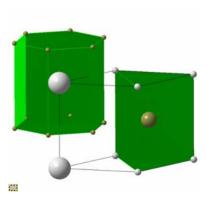


Al₂O₃, Corundum

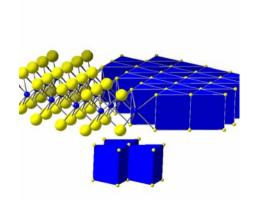


MoS₂

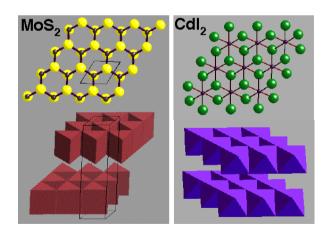
AIB₂ AIB₁₂ hexagonal prismatic BAI₆ trigonal prismatic



MoS₂ SMo₃ trigonal pyramid MoS₆ trigonal prismatic



MoS2 Molybdenite



Note: Hexagonal layers of S atoms are NOT Close-packed in 3D

Lattice: Hexagonal - P

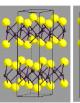
Motif: 2Mo at (2/3,1/3,3/4) & (1/3,2/3,1/4)

4I at (2/3,1/3,1/8), (2/3,1/3,3/8), (1/3,2/3,5/8) & (1/3,2/3,7/8)

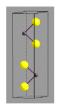
2MoS2 in unit cell

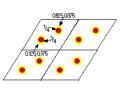
Coordination: Mo 6 (Trigonal Prismatic): S 3 (base pyramid)

MoS2 Molybdenite









Clinographic Views

Unit Cell

Plan View

